Computer use in the workplace

Name

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Many workers are vulnerable to the use of office machines for personal purposes or tasks, according to Lehman and DuFree (2015). The boss, on the other hand, will choose to control the use of computers in the office. While there is a certain degree of reasonableness in encouraging workers to have privacy when using workstation machines, the use of the machine using the above protocol has been restricted by various organizations. In the first instance, businesses stipulate that their property is an office computer and can be used exclusively by business enterprises. In addition, employees working in a company should be sensitized and told that there so no need to anticipate privacy when using the computers at the workplace. This paper assesses the policies associated with the use of computers by workers in a workplace.

In job contracts that any worker is expected to peruse before being brought into the business, the policy is explicitly articulated to workers. Before signing the deal, the fact that the workers are asked if they accept it means that the agreement is conveyed to them correctly. In addition, the organization also advises the workers of the guidelines on workplace machine use. Lehman and DuFree affirm that this method of contact is reliable as it guarantees minimized company litigation as an employer controls a device delegated to an employee.

Workers conform to the principle that business computers are not used for individual use, especially when using critical information resources, such as accessing accounts and emails from social networks. The strategy is in place with regards to top management; nevertheless, most of their actions are not tracked, so computers can be used for personal purposes. However, if their machines are tracked, they cannot be sure of the infringement of privacy by their company. The most significant fact, whether or not company staff adhere to the data usage policies, is that

employees, including top executives, will not sue the company or any employees for privacy infringement when viewing any private information.

